

(b) the States, where this disease has taken an epidemic form;

(c) whether the Government have adopted any action plan to combat this epidemic;

(d) if so, the details thereof;

(e) whether several deaths are taking places due to Kala-Azar every year; and

(f) if so, the concrete steps taken by the Government to prevent the recurrence of this disease in future?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI) : (a) and (b). As per reports received from the concerned State, 538 deaths due to Kala-azar occurred in Bihar and 10 deaths in West Bengal in 1996 upto September. Kala-azar is endemic in Bihar and West Bengal.

In the State of Bihar, incidence of the disease had shown a declining trend in 1994 and 1995 compared to 1992 and 1993. However, in 1996 there has been an increase in incidence as well as deaths particularly in the districts of Darbhanga, Samastipur and Madhubani in the State of Bihar. There has also been an increased of cases in West Bengal.

(c) to (f). In order to maintain the declining trend of the disease, the Central Government has been providing insecticide (DDT) and anti-Kala-azar drugs to the States for undertaking spray operations and rendering effective treatment under the Centrally Sponsored Kala-azar Control Programme. The operational cost is required to be borne by the State Governments. Implementation of the programme being primarily the responsibility of the State Governments, the State of Bihar has been repeatedly asked to implement the Programme effectively from time to time. Central teams were deputed to the State to guide the State health Authorities. An Expert Team was constituted in May, 1996 for assessment of Kala-azar situation in Bihar and West Bengal and suggest remedial measures to contain the disease, which has been completed.

As a long term measure, preparation of a Contingency Plan for vector borne diseases including kala-azar has been taken up for being provided to the State Governments highlighting endemic areas and specific location requiring attention from the point of view of prevention, spraying during transmission period and treatment.

[Translation]

Development of Indian System of Medicine

*354. SHRI RAVINDRA KUMAR PANDEY : Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state :

(a) whether the Government have taken any steps to develop Ayurvedic, Homoeopathy, Naturopathy and other indigenous systems of medicine in the country;

(b) the details of the colleges and Ayurvedic, Homoeopathic and Naturopathy systems of Medicine in the country, State-wise;

(c) whether funds have been provided by the World Health Organisation and other foreign organisations for developing such systems of medicine in India;

(d) whether Union Government propose to help voluntary organisations and private institutions for developing such systems of medicine and educational institutions in the country; and

(e) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (SHRI SALEEM IQBAL SHERVANI) : (a) The Government have set up a new Department of Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy in March 1995 for the development and promotion of these systems including Yoga & naturopathy in the country. Details are as follows :-

- (i) Strengthening of Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy Educational Institutions; Assistance is given for upgradation of facilities in educational institutions of Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy.
- (ii) Standardisation of Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy Drugs, strengthening of Drug Control in Indian System of Medicine and setting up of Laboratory facilities for the testing of Indian System of Medicine & Homoeopathy Drugs.
- (iii) Re-orientation training to in-service Teachers, Physicans and Researchers.
- (iv) Development and cultivations of Medicinal plants used in Indian System of Medicine and Homoeopathy medicines.
- (v) Strengthening and Establishment of premier institutes in these Systems of Medicine such as National Institute of Ayurveda, Jaipur, National Institute of Homoeopathy, Calcutta, Institutes of Post-Graduate Training and research in Ayurveda, Jamnagar, Rashtriya Ayurveda Vidhyapeeth, Delhi; National Institute of Unani Medicine, Bangalore and National Institute of Naturopathy, Pune
- (vi) Research in Indian Systems of Medicine & Homoeopathy is supported through various Central Councils of Research in Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Homoeopathy, Yoga and Naturopathy.

(b) Details of Ayurveda, Siddha, Unani, Homoeopathy and Naturopathy colleges is as per Statement-I.

(c) World Health Organisation has been providing modest assistance for organising seminars, workshops and procurement of some equipment.

(d) and (e). The Union Government has been assisting voluntary organisations and Private Institutes. Details are as per Statement-II.

STATEMENT-I

State-wise list of Indian Systems of Medicine and Homoeopathy Colleges Including Naturopathy

	Ayurved	Unani	Siddha	Homoeo	Naturopathy
Arunachal Pradesh	-	-	-	1	-
Andhra Pradesh	4	2	-	4	1 \$
Assam	1	-	-	3	-
Bihar	9	4	-	20*	-
Delhi	1	2	-	2	-
Gujarat	9	-	-	10	-
Haryana	4	-	-	-	-
Jammu & Kashmir	-	2	-	-	-
Himachal Pradesh	1	-	-	-	-
Karnataka	13	2	-	8	1 \$
Kerala	5	-	-	5*	-
Madhya Pradesh	7	1	-	8	-
Maharashtra	36	6	-	38*	-
Orissa	4	-	-	5	-
Punjab	4	-	-	5	-
Rajasthan	5	2	-	3	-
Tamil Nadu	3	1	2	3	-
Uttar Pradesh	10	7	-	10	-
West Bengal	1	1	-	13	-
Goa	1	-	-	-	-
Chandigarh	-	-	-	1	-
Total :	118	30	2	139**	2

* For 19 colleges in Bihar, 1 college in Kerala and 9 colleges in Maharashtra affiliation of University is not known.

** 12 Homoeopathy colleges out of 139 conduct PG courses.

\$ These two colleges are approved only by the State Governments of Karnataka and Andhra Pradesh respectively.

Statewise list of Ayurved, Unani, & Siddha Colleges Imparting Post-Graduate Education

S.No	Name of States	Ayurved	Unani	Siddha
1	2	3	4	5
1.	Andhra Pradesh	1	1	-
2.	Assam	-	-	-
3.	Bihar	1	-	-
4.	Delhi	-	1	-
5.	Gujarat	2	-	-
6.	Haryana	-	-	-
7.	Jammu & Kashmir	-	-	-
8.	Himachal Pradesh	-	-	-
9.	Karnataka	7	-	-
10.	Kerala	1	-	-
11.	Madhya Pradesh	2	-	-
12.	Maharashtra	15	-	-
13.	Orissa	1	-	-

1	2	3	4	5
14.	Punjab	1	-	-
15.	Rajasthan	2	-	-
16.	Tamil Nadu	-	-	1
17.	Uttar Pradesh	4	1	-
18.	West Bengal	1	-	-
19.	Goa	-	-	-
		38	03	01

STATEMENT-II

The details of schemes regarding assisting Voluntary Organisations and Private institutions are :-

1. Scheme for Grant-in-Aid for improving and strengthening of Under Graduate Colleges of ISM&H
2. Scheme for Grant-in-Aid for re-orientation training programme.

3. Schemes for Grant-in-Aid for upgradation of PG ISM Colleges.
4. Scheme for Grant-in-Aid for upgradation of PG Homoeo Colleges.
5. *Central Council for Research in Yoga and Naturopathy (CCRYN)*
 - (i) Setting up of Yoga/Naturopathy Treatment-cum-Propogation Centres and Patient care Centres.
 - (ii) For running one year Diploma Course in Yoga and Naturopathy.
 - (iii) Research Schemes.
 - (iv) For conducting Workshop/Seminars/Conferences in Yoga and Naturopathy.
6. *Central Council for Research in Homoeopathy (CCRH)*
 - (i) August Nursing Home, Kerala.
 - (ii) Amla Cancer Reserch Institute, Kerala.
7. *Central Council for Research in Ayurveda and Sidha (CCRAS)*
 - (i) Special Research Project in Ayurveda by Dhootapaeshwar Maharashtra.

- (ii) Qushadi Nirman and their clinical tribals for treatment of Cancer in Andhra Pradesh.
- (iii) Research in Tribal Medicine in Orissa.

Irrigation Projects in U.P.

*355. SHRI RAJENDRA AGNIHOTRI : Will the Minister of WATER RESOURCES be pleased to state :

(a) the names of the Irrigation projects in Uttar Pradesh on which work is going on alongwith the estimated cost thereof, separately;

(b) the time by which the construction work of these projects is likely to be completed;

(c) whether the Government propose to modernise all the irrigation projects in Uttar Pradesh;

(d) if so, the details thereof; and

(e) the steps taken by the Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF WATER RESOURCES (SHRI JANESHWAR MISHRA) : (a) to (c). A statement is enclosed.

STATEMENT

Details of Ongoing/Completed Major, Medium and Term Irrigation Projects during VIII Plan in Uttar Pradesh.

S.No.	Name of Projects	Latest Estimated Cost	Likely date of Completion
1	2	3	4
A	Major Project		
1.	Urmil Dam	23.91	Completed in 93-94
2.	Gandak Canal	158.77	Completed in 94-95
3.	Mondha Dam	138.00	To complete in 96-97
4.	Bewar Feeder	50.50	To complete in 96-97
5.	Chitradurga	35.70	To complete in 96-97
6.	Madhya Ganga Canal	543.96	Beyond 8th Plan
7.	Sarda Sahayak Proj.	1250.00	Beyond 8th Plan
8.	Saryu Nahar Proj.	1256.00	Beyond 8th Plan
9.	Eastern Ganga Canal	579.00	Beyond 8th Plan
10.	Sone Pump Canal	72.85	Beyond 8th Plan
11.	Gyanpur Pump Canal	136.80	Beyond 8th Plan
12.	Lakhwar Vyasi Dam	480.00	Beyond 8th Plan
13.	Jamrani Dam	280.00	Beyond 8th Plan
14.	Rajghat Dam (UP Share)	133.08	Beyond 8th Plan
	Rajghat Canal (UP)	129.24	Beyond 8th Plan
15.	Bansagar Dam (UP Share)	234.00	Beyond 8th Plan
	Bansagar Canal (UP)	268.00	Beyond 8th Plan
	Bansagar Canal (MP)	26.92	Beyond 8th Plan